NEWS LOGIN

NEWS IPC8

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x LOGINID: SSPTASXS1656 PASSWORD: TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2 * * * * * * * * * * Welcome to STN International Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America NEWS NEWS JAN 02 STN pricing information for 2008 now available NEWS JAN 16 CAS patent coverage enhanced to include exemplified prophetic substances NEWS 4 JAN 28 USPATFULL, USPAT2, and USPATOLD enhanced with new custom IPC display formats NEWS 5 JAN 28 MARPAT searching enhanced NEWS 6 JAN 28 USGENE now provides USPTO sequence data within 3 days of publication NEWS 7 JAN 28 TOXCENTER enhanced with reloaded MEDLINE segment NEWS 8 JAN 28 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE reloaded with enhancements NEWS 9 FEB 08 STN Express, Version 8.3, now available NEWS 10 FEB 20 PCI now available as a replacement to DPCI NEWS 11 FEB 25 IFIREF reloaded with enhancements NEWS 12 FEB 25 IMSPRODUCT reloaded with enhancements NEWS 13 FEB 29 WPINDEX/WPIDS/WPIX enhanced with ECLA and current U.S. National Patent Classification IFICDB, IFIPAT, and IFIUDB enhanced with new custom NEWS 14 MAR 31 IPC display formats NEWS 15 MAR 31 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with additional experimental NEWS 16 MAR 31 CA/CAplus and CASREACT patent number format for U.S. applications updated NEWS 17 MAR 31 LPCI now available as a replacement to LDPCI NEWS 18 MAR 31 EMBASE, EMBAL, and LEMBASE reloaded with enhancements NEWS 19 APR 04 STN AnaVist, Version 1, to be discontinued WPIDS, WPINDEX, and WPIX enhanced with new NEWS 20 APR 15 predefined hit display formats EMBASE Controlled Term thesaurus enhanced NEWS 21 APR 28 NEWS 22 APR 28 IMSRESEARCH reloaded with enhancements NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3, AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 20 FEBRUARY 2008 NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

Welcome Banner and News Items

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may

For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8

result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 20:29:34 ON 22 MAY 2008

=> File Medline EMBASE Biosis Caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 20:30:03 ON 22 MAY 2008

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 20:30:03 ON 22 MAY 2008 Copyright (c) 2008 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 20:30:03 ON 22 MAY 2008 Copyright (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 20:30:03 ON 22 MAY 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s (S6 kinase) (2A) (INHIBITOR OR INHIBIT OR INHIBITING OR INHIBITED OR INHIBITION OR MODULATOR OR MODULATE OR MODULATING OR MODULATED OR MODULATION)
L1 672 (S6 KINASE) (2A) (INHIBITOR OR INHIBIT OR INHIBITING OR INHIBITE D OR INHIBITION OR MODULATOR OR MODULATE OR MODULATING OR MODULATION)

- => S L1 (6A) (treat or treatment treated or treating or administration or administer or administered or administering or therapy or therapeutic or medication or remedy or in vivo)
- L2 6 L1 (6A) (TREAT OR TREATMENT TREATED OR TREATING OR ADMINISTRATIO N OR ADMINISTER OR ADMINISTERED OR ADMINISTERING OR THERAPY OR THERAPEUTIC OR MEDICATION OR REMEDY OR IN VIVO)

=> duplicate ENTER REMOVE, IDENTIFY, ONLY, OR (?):remove ENTER L# LIST OR (END):12 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2

L3 6 DUPLICATE REMOVE L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 13 1-6 bib ab

- L3 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 2006:1302278 CAPLUS
- DN 146:268807
- ${\tt TI}$ BI-D1870 is a specific inhibitor of the p90 RSK (ribosomal S6 kinase) isoforms in vitro and in vivo
- AU Sapkota, Gopal P.; Cummings, Lorna; Newell, Felicity S.; Armstrong, Christopher; Bain, Jennifer; Frodin, Morten; Grauert, Matthias; Hoffmann, Matthias; Schnapp, Gisela; Steegmaier, Martin; Cohen, Philip; Alessi, Dario R.
- CS MRC Protein Phosphorylation Unit, School of Life Sciences, MSI/WTB Complex, University of Dundee, Dundee, DD1 5EH, UK
- SO Biochemical Journal (2007), 401(1), 29-38 CODEN: BIJOAK; ISSN: 0264-6021
- PB Portland Press Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English

Hormones and growth factors induce the activation of a number of protein AΒ kinases that belong to the AGC subfamily, including isoforms of PKA, protein kinase B (also known as Akt), PKC, S6K p70 (ribosomal S6 kinase), RSK (p90 ribosomal S6 kinase) and MSK (mitogen- and stress-activated protein kinase), which then mediate many of the physiol. processes that are regulated by these extracellular agonists. It can be difficult to assess the individual functions of each AGC kinase because their substrate specificities are similar. Here we describe the small mol. BI-D1870, which inhibits RSK1, RSK2, RSK3 and RSK4 in vitro with an IC50 of 10-30 nM, but does not significantly inhibit ten other AGC kinase members and over 40 other protein kinases tested at 100-fold higher concns. BI-D1870 is cell permeant and prevents the RSK-mediated phorbol ester- and EGF (epidermal growth factor)-induced phosphorylation of glycogen synthase kinase-3 β and LKB1 in human embryonic kidney 293 cells and Rat-2 cells. In contrast, BI-D1870 does not affect the agonist-triggered phosphorylation of substrates for six other AGC kinases. Moreover, BI-D1870 does not suppress the phorbol ester- or EGF-induced phosphorylation of CREB (cAMP-response-element-binding protein), consistent with the genetic evidence indicating that MSK, and not RSK, isoforms mediate the mitogen-induced phosphorylation of this transcription factor.

RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L3 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
```

AN 2006:381280 CAPLUS

DN 144:410248

TI Regulation of gluconeogenesis—associated genes by controling phosphorylation level of hepatocyte nuclear factor 4α by ribosomal S6 kinase B

IN Doi, Hirofumi; Shozaki, Yuka; Kudo, Gen

PA Daiichi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.					KIND		DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
ΡI	WO	2006043701				A1		20060427		WO 2005-JP19518						20051024		
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	KM,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,
			LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,
			NA,	NG,	NΙ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,
			SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,
			YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW												
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
			IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG,	BW,	GH,
			GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
			KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	$_{ m TM}$										
	JΡ	JP 2008017701				Α		2008	,	JP 2004-308602					20041022			
PRAI	JP 2004-308602				А		20041022											

AB Regulation method of gluconeogenesis-associated genes (phosphoenolpyrvate calboxykinase gene) by controlling phosphorylation level of transcription factor HNF-4 α (hepatocyte nuclear factor 4 α) by RSKB (ribosomal S6 kinase B) has been developed. Promotion of phosphorylation of HNF-4 α by RSKB is used in the transcriptional activation of the phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase gene. The inhibition of RSKB-driven phosphorylation of HNF-4 α by their specific antibodies or RSKB

inhibitors is used in the transcriptional repression of the phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase gene. This inhibitory mechanism is designed to be applied to the regulation of gluconeogenesis and therapy and prevention of diabetes. The cellular assay system of RSKB-driven phosphorylation of HNF-4 α has been developed for the screening of inhibitors that can be the drugs for therapy and prevention of diabetes. The DNAs encoding RSKB and HNF-4 α and the expression vectors containing them are provided in such assay kit for cell transformation.

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L3 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 2006:84678 CAPLUS
- DN 144:347497
- TI In vivo inhibition of nitric oxide synthase impairs upregulation of contractile protein mRNA in overloaded plantaris muscle
- AU Sellman, Jeff E.; DeRuisseau, Keith C.; Betters, Jenna L.; Lira, Vitor A.; Soltow, Quinlyn A.; Selsby, Joshua T.; Criswell, David S.
- CS Center for Exercise Science, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA
- SO Journal of Applied Physiology (2006), 100(1), 258-265 CODEN: JAPHEV; ISSN: 8750-7587
- PB American Physiological Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Inhibition of nitric oxide synthase (NOS) activity in vivo impedes hypertrophy in the overloaded rat plantaris. We investigated the mechanism for this effect by examining early events leading to muscle growth following 5 or 12 days of functional overload. Male Sprague-Dawley rats (.apprx.350 g) were randomly divided into three treatment groups: control, NG-nitro-L-arginine Me ester (L-NAME; 90 $mg \cdot kg - 1 \cdot day - 1$), and 1-(2-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-imidazole (TRIM; 10 mg·kg-1·day-1). Unilateral removal of synergists induced chronic overload (OL) of the right plantaris. Sham surgery performed on the left hindlimb served as a normally loaded control. L-NAME and TRIM treatments prevented OL-induced skeletal α -actin and type I (slow) myosin heavy chain mRNA expression at 5 days. Conversely, neither L-NAME nor TRIM affected hepatocyte growth factor or VEGF mRNA responses to OL at 5 days. However, OL induction of IGF-I and mechanogrowth factor mRNA was greater (P < 0.05) in the TRIM group compared with the controls. Furthermore, the phosphorylated-to-total p70 S6 kinase ratio was higher in OL muscle from NOS-inhibited groups, compared with control OL. At 12 days of OL, the cumulative proliferation of plantaris satellite cells was assessed by s.c. implantation of time release 5'-bromo-2'-deoxyuridine pellets during the OL-inducing surgeries. Although OL caused a fivefold increase in the number of mitotically active (5'-bromo-2'-deoxyuridine pos.) sublaminar nuclei, this was unaffected by concurrent NOS inhibition. Therefore, NOS activity may provide neg. feedback control of IGF-I/p70 S6 kinase signaling during muscle growth. Moreover, NOS activity may be involved in transcriptional regulation of skeletal α -actin and type I (slow) myosin heavy chain during functional overload.
- RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L3 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:182924 CAPLUS
- DN 142:254624
- TI Inhibition of S6 kinase activity for the treatment of insulin resistance
- IN Auwerx, Johan; Frigerio, Francesca; Fumagalli, Stefano; Kozma, Sara; Picard, Frederic; Sticker-Jantscheff, Melanie; Thomas, George; Um, Sung Hee; Watanabe, Mitsuhiro
- PA Novartis Forschungsstiftung, Zweigniederlassung Friedrich Miescher

SO PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent DTEnglish LA FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 2005019829 A1 20050303 WO 2004-EP9368 20040820 _____ PΙ W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 1658504 Α1 20060524 EP 2004-764350 20040820 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK 20070222 JP 2006-523617 JP 2007503203 Т 20040820 A1 US 2007-568637 US 20070191259 20070816 20070322 P PRAI US 2003-497226P 20030822 WO 2004-EP9368 W 20040820 AΒ The invention provides screening methods for agents effective in treating insulin resistance through specific inhibition of S6 kinase 1 activity. Also provided are methods of treating insulin resistance by administering an effective amount of an inhibitor specific for S6 kinase 1. The inhibitor may be e.g. an antibody. RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN L3 2004:355107 CAPLUS ΑN 140:368702 DN Modulation of S6 kinase 1 activity for the treatment of obesity and screening for antiobesity drugs Frigerio, Francesca; Fumagalli, Stefano; Kozma, Sara C.; ΤN Sticker-Jantscheff, Melanie; Thomas, George; Um, Sung Hee Novartis Forschungsstiftung, Zweigniederlassung Friedrich Miescher PA Institute for Biomedical Research, Switz. PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. ____ _____ _____ ______ A1 20040429 WO 2003-EP11554 20031017 WO 2004035815 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,

Institute for Biomedical Research, Switz.

```
FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               20040504 AU 2003-282035
     AU 2003282035
                         Α1
                                                                  20031017
                                          EP 2003-773650
                         Α1
                               20050727
                                                                  20031017
     EP 1556505
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
                     T
     JP 2006502744
                             20060126 JP 2005-501296
                                                                  20031017
     US 20070053910
                              20070308
                                          US 2006-531515
                        A1
                                                                  20060616
PRAI GB 2002-24338
                        Α
                              20021018
     US 2003-497227P P 20030822
WO 2003-EP11554 W 20031017
AΒ
     This invention provides screening methods for agents effective in
     treating obesity through specific inhibition of
     S6 kinase 1 activity. Also provided are methods of
     treating obesity by administering an effective amount of an
     inhibitor specific for S6 kinase 1. A double
     stranded RNA for use as a medicament is provided.
             THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 6
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L3
     ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2004:142886 CAPLUS
DN
     140:177851
TΙ
     Diagnosis and treatment of diseases arising from defects in the tuberous
     sclerosis pathway by detecting and inhibiting increased S6 kinase activity
ΙN
     Guan, Kun-liang
     The Regents of the University of Michigan, USA
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 86 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
                       ____
                                          _____
                               _____
    WO 2004014222 A2 20040219
WO 2004014222 A3 20040521
                                         WO 2003-US25283
                                                                  20030812
PΙ
     WO 2004014222
                        A3 20040521
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN,
             TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               20040219 CA 2003-2495085
     CA 2495085
                        A1
                                                                  20030812
     AU 2003259803
                                          AU 2003-259803
                                                                  20030812
                         Α1
                               20040225
     AU 2003259803
                        В2
                               20070802
     EP 1546369
                               20050629
                                          EP 2003-785242
                         Α2
                                                                  20030812
           AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
                                           CN 2003-824037
     CN 1688714
                         Α
                               20051026
                                                                  20030812
     JP 2005535332
                         Τ
                               20051124
                                           JP 2004-528088
                                                                  20030812
                        P
PRAI US 2002-402718P
                               20020812
                      A
W
     US 2003-639263
                               20030812
     WO 2003-US25283
                               20030812
```

AB The present invention relates to compns. and methods for identifying abnormalities in TSC signaling pathways. In particular, the present invention relates to methods of diagnosing and treating disorders such as tuberous sclerosis, which are caused by mutations in the TSC genes. The

present invention further relates to methods and compns. for treating cancers mediated by TSC signaling disorders. A method of detecting increased S6 kinase activity in a subject comprises (a) providing a biol. sample from a subject; and (b) detecting the presence or absence of increased S6 kinase activity in the sample. An inhibitor of S6 kinase is administered to treat tuberous sclerosis. Expts. conducted during the course of development of the present invention demonstrated that TSC1-TSC2 complex inhibits the phosphorylation of S6K and 4E-BP1. The data show that TSC1-TSC2 exerts its effects through mTOR to regulate the activity of S6K and 4E-BP1. Further expts. demonstrated that the function of TSC1-TSC2 is neg. regulated by Akt-dependent phosphorylation in response to treatment with insulin and that the ability of TSC2 to inhibit S6K correlates with its tumor suppressor function.